

UNIVERSITY OF KERALA
MODEL QUESTION PAPER
FIRST DEGREE PROGRAMME UNDER CBCSS
SEMESTER V- MATHEMATICS
2014 admission
REAL ANALYSIS - 1
MM 1541

TIME 3hrs

maximum marks 80

Section 1

All the first 10 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each

- 1) Find all real numbers x that satisfy the inequality $\frac{1}{x} < x$
- 2) If $S = \{1 - \frac{1}{n}\}$, find $\inf S$
- 3) State supremum property of \mathbb{R}
- 4) What is a Fibonacci sequence
- 5) Define a Cauchy sequence
- 6) Give an example of a bounded sequence that is not a Cauchy sequence
- 7) If $I_n = [0, 1/n]$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$, find $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} I_n$
- 8) Define cluster point of a set
- 9) What is $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 / |x|$
- 10) Give an example of two divergent sequences X and Y such that their sum converges

Section 2

Answer any eight questions from this section .Each question carries two marks

- 11) Show that there exists no rational number r whose square is 2
- 12) State and prove Bernoulli's inequality

- 13) Establish triangle inequality
- 14) State the order properties of \mathbb{R}
- 15) State and prove the Archimedean property
- 16) Show that a convergent sequence of real numbers is bounded
- 17) Give an example of an unbounded sequence that has a convergent subsequence
- 18) Show that a Cauchy sequence of real numbers is bounded
- 19) Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin n}{n} = 0$
- 20) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{x}$
- 21) Show that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}}$ is divergent
- 22) Show that $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = 1$

Section 3

Answer any six questions from this section. Each question carries 4 marks

- 23) State and prove density theorem
- 24) State and prove squeeze theorem
- 25) Show that the sequence $(1 + (-1)^n)$ is not a Cauchy sequence but $(1/n)$ is a Cauchy sequence
- 26) Show that $\sum \frac{1}{n^p}$ converges if $p > 1$ and diverges if $p \leq 1$
- 27) Show that $\sum \frac{\cos n}{n^2}$ is convergent
- 28) Define a contractive sequence and show that every contractive sequence is a Cauchy sequence
- 29) Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin(\frac{1}{x})$ does not exist in \mathbb{R}
- 30) Prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos(\frac{1}{x})$ does not exist but $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cos(\frac{1}{x}) = 0$

31) Discuss the convergence of the series whose n^{th} term is $\frac{n^2 - n}{n(n^2 + 2)}$

Section 4

Answer any two questions from this section. Each question carries 15 marks

32 a) State and prove nested interval property of real numbers

b) If S is a subset of \mathbb{R} that contains at least two points and has the property that if $x, y \in S$ and $x < y$ then $[x, y] \subset S$, prove that S is an interval

33 a) Let $X = (x_n)$ and $Y = (y_n)$ be sequences of real numbers which converges to x and y respectively and $c \in \mathbb{R}$. Show that the sequences $X+Y, X-Y, XY, cX$ converges to $x+y, x-y, xy$ and cx respectively

34 a) State and prove monotone convergence theorem

b) State and prove Bolzano Weierstrass theorem

35 a) Establish Cauchy criteria for convergence of sequence of real numbers

b) Establish sequential criteria for limit of a function