

**MSc Degree Examination**  
**Branch II Physics**  
**PH 212 – Mathematical Physics**

**Duration: 3 hours**

**Maximum marks 75**

**Part A**

**Answer any five questions. Each question carries 3 marks**

- 1 Determine the scale factors in cylindrical polar coordinates.
- 2 Explain the fourier series representation of an even function.
- 3 Define Green's function. Where is it used and how?.
- 4 What is Chebechev's inequality and its importance.
- 5 Define covariant and contravariant tensors and explain their physical meanings.
- 6 Define 'classes' and 'invariant subgroups' of a group
- 7 What is meant by an exact differential equation
- 8 Write down equation of geodesic

5x3=15 marks

**Part B**

**Answer three questions. Each question carries 15 marks**

- 9
- |  |    |
|--|----|
| (a) What are orthogonal curvilinear coordinates?   | 5  |
| (b) Obtain expressions for gradient, divergence and curl in spherical polar coordinates. | 10 |
| OR   |    |
- 10
- |   |    |
|---|----|
| (a) Deduce CR conditions for a function to be analytic. | 5  |
| (b) State and prove Cauchy Integral formula.            | 10 |
| 15 marks  |    |
- 11
- |   |    |
|---|----|
| (a) Explain Laplace transform                   | 5  |
| (b) Solve wave equation using Laplace transform | 10 |
| OR  |    |
- 12
- |   |    |
|---|----|
| (a) Discuss the occurrence of Hermite differential equation in physics. | 5  |
| (b) Derive its solution using power series method                       | 10 |
| 15 marks  |    |
- 13
- |   |    |
|---|----|
| (a) Explain the construction of covariant derivative of a vector field. | 5  |
| (b) Deduce the transformation law of Christoffel symbols.               | 10 |
| OR  |    |
- 14
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| (a) Distinguish between reducible and irreducible representation of groups. | 5 |
|---|---|

(b) Explain the construction of the irreducible representations of  $SU(2)$  group

10

15 marks

**Part C**

**Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks**

16 Determine the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix

17 Find the fourier transform of  $f(x)=1$  for  $1x1<a$   
 $=0$  for  $1x1>a$

18 Determine the poles and residues at each pole of the function

19 Obtain the solution to the partial differential equation by separation of variables.

20 If  $A^j$  are the components of II rank contravariant tensor and  $B_k$  that of a covariant vector, show that  $A^j B_k$  is a third rank mixed tensor.

21 Using power series method, solve

3x5=15 marks