Subject : EDU-15.2 Advanced Studies : Curriculum and Pedagogic Courses -English Education

Q1: The Language Across Curriculum approach focuses on i)Integration of language and content learning ii)Holistic development of learners iii)Stimulation of linguistic skills iv) Understanding technical terms related to subject specific contexts

Opt. 1 : i),ii),iv)	Opt. 2 : i),ii),iii)
Opt. 3 : i),ii),iii),iv)	Opt. 4 : ii),iii),iv)

Q2: A syllabus that emphasises the skills needed to put the knowledge in grammar,vocabulary and pronunciation into action and communicate successfully is called

Opt. 1 : Discourse based syllabus	Opt. 2 : Functional Notional Syllabus
Opt. 3 : Skill based Syllabus	Opt. 4 : Situational syllabus

Q3: The curriculum for English as a second language, attempts to develop the use of English for i)Social interaction ii)Academic achievement iii)Cultural enrichment iv)Literary enhancement

Opt. 1 : i),iii),iv)	Opt. 2 : i),ii),iii),iv)
Opt. 3 : i),ii),iii)	Opt. 4 : ii),iii),iv)

Q4: An assessment tool that determines the standard performance for a defined domain is

Opt. 1 : Rubric 🗸	Opt. 2 : Achievement test
Opt. 3 : Rating scale	Opt. 4 : Portfolio

Q5: A collection of students'work throughout a course for keeping a record of their performance is called

Opt. 1 : File	Opt. 2 : Datasheet
Opt. 3 : Portfolio 🗸	Opt. 4 : Rubric

Q6: Which of the following is not an objective of a higher Order think	king(HOT) question?
Opt. 1 : Expects students to apply information	Opt. 2 : Expects students to recall information \checkmark
Opt. 3 : Expects students to analyse information	Opt. 4 : Expects students to evaluate information

Q7: The national curriculum underwent revisions in which of the following years? i)1975 ii)1989 iii)2000 iv)2005

Opt. 1 : i),iii),iv)	Opt. 2 : i),ii),iii)
Opt. 3 : i),ii)iv)	Opt. 4 : ii),iii),iv)

Q8: Which learning theory propagates the idea that nurturing and maintaining connections is needed to facilitate continual learning?

Opt. 1 : Behaviourism	Opt. 2 : Connectivism
Opt. 3 : Cognitivism	Opt. 4 : Constructivism

Q9: Silent reading involves

Opt. 1 : Enhancement of vocabulary	Opt. 2 : Increase in speed of reading
Opt. 3 : Learning to infer underlying meaning of text	Opt. 4 : Correct pronunciation

Q10: Which of the following is not the current trend in English language education?

Opt. 1 : Collaborative learning	Opt. 2 : Reflective learning
Opt. 3 : Language laboratory	Opt. 4 : Electronic Portfolios

Q11: Application, analysis and synthesis are examples of

Opt. 1 : Procedural knowledge	Opt. 2 : Higher order thinking skills
Opt. 3 : conceptual knowledge	Opt. 4 : Lower order thinking skills

Q12: Which of the following is not an example of informal learning of English?

Opt. 1 : School English club	Opt. 2 : Friends' circle
Opt. 3 : Family	Opt. 4 : Movies

Q13: Which of the following is an example of a specific language based learning disability?

Opt. 1 : Dryspraxia	Opt. 2 : Dysphagia
Opt. 3 : Dyslexia	Opt. 4 : Dyscalculia

Q14: Which of the following activities cannot be practised using blogs?

Q15: Which of the following English proficiency tests is most acceptable both in English speaking and non speaking countries?

Opt. 1 : TOEFL	Opt. 2 : TOEIC
Opt. 3 : CELPIP	Opt. 4 : CAE

Q16: With which theory of learning is George Siemens associated?

Opt. 1 : Cognitivism	Opt. 2 : Behaviourism
Opt. 3 : Constructivism	Opt. 4 : Connectivism 🗸

Q17: Learning Management System facilitates i)Course registration and delivery ii)Tracking and analyzing user data iii) Skill gap analysis iv) Communication between instructor and learner

Opt. 1 : i),ii),iii)	Opt. 2 : i),ii),iii),iv)
Opt. 3 : ii),iii),iv)	Opt. 4 : i),ii),iv)

Q18: Which of these should be the qualities of a good research question? (i)Novel (ii) Ethical (iii) Relevant (iv) Feasible

Opt. 1 : i),iii),iv)	Opt. 2 : i),ii),iii)
Opt. 3 : i),ii),iii),iv)	Opt. 4 : ii),iii),iv)

Q19: Which of the following is not an example of Lower order thinking(LOT)?

Opt. 1 : Students will define the components of a sentence.	Opt. 2 : Students will recall the components of a sentence
Opt. 3 : Students will explain the components of a sentence	Opt. 4 : Students will recognise the components of a sentence

Q20: The word-for word transcription of a section of someone else's work, without attribution and without quotation marks is called

Opt. 1 : Self plagiarism	Opt. 2 : Direct plagiarism
Opt. 3 : Mosaic plagiarism	Opt. 4 : Salami Slicing plagiarism

Q21: Which of the following is not a quality of a good researcher?

Opt. 1 : Patience	Opt. 2 : Prudence
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Q22: Which of the following is a feature of the diagnostic test?

Opt. 1 : Time bound	Opt. 2 : Score focused
Opt. 3 : Small content focused	Opt. 4 : Objective based

Q23: As a teacher, you identify a problem in the learning of your students. Which of the following tests will help you to explore further into the problem area?

Opt. 1 : Achievement test	Opt. 2 : Diagnostic test
Opt. 3 : Unit test	Opt. 4 : Term end test

Q24: Which among the following cannot be a part of Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation?

Opt. 1 : Assignment	Opt. 2 : Anecdotal record
Opt. 3 : Cumulative record	Opt. 4 : Parents-Teachers meeting

Q25: In continuous Comprehensive Evaluation(CCE)the term 'comprehensive' means

Opt. 1 : Evaluation of the curriculum	Opt. 2 : Evaluation of the all round development of the student
Opt. 3 : Evaluation of the intellectual ability	Opt. 4 : Evaluation of all students

Q26: Which of the following is not an objective of affective domain?

Opt. 1 : Valuing	Opt. 2 : Organization
Opt. 3 : Receiving	Opt. 4 : Manipulation

Q27: The most essential quality of an assessment tool is	
Opt. 1 : Validity	Opt. 2 : Reliability
Opt. 3 : Objectivity	Opt. 4 : Practicability

Q28: The creative writing skill of students can be assessed the best by

Opt. 1 : Essay type questions 🗸	Opt. 2 : Short answer type questions
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Q29: 'Regression' is a problem related to **Opt. 1 :** Listening Opt. 2 : Speaking Opt. 3 : Reading 🧹 Opt. 4 : Writing

Q30: 'Minimal pairs'is a technique for developing the following language skills.

Opt. 1 : Speaking, writing	Opt. 2 : Listening, speaking
Opt. 3 : Writing, listening	Opt. 4 : Listening, writing

Q31: Which of the following is a sub skill of speaking?

Opt. 1 : Segment sounds into meaningful groups	Opt. 2 : Understand the syntactic patterns
Opt. 3 : Formulate appropriate response	Opt. 4 : Interpret stress, rhythm and intonation

Q32: The 'cloze deletion test' is an assessment tool for evaluating the following language skills.

Opt. 1 : Speaking ,writing	Opt. 2 : Reading, speaking
Opt. 3 : Writing, listening	Opt. 4 : Listening, reading

Q33: Which among the following is not a feature of extensive reading?

Opt. 1 : Gain general knowledge	Opt. 2 : Take pleasure from reading
Opt. 3 : Draw inferences	Opt. 4 : A silent reading activity

Q34: A teacher gives the title for composition writing, writes five sentences on it, and asks students to copy it down. The teacher is practising

Opt. 1 : Creative writing	Opt. 2 : Guided composition
Opt. 3 : Free composition	Opt. 4 : Original writing

Q35: Which statement is true in the case of development of language skills?

Opt. 1 : Language skills are independent of each other	Opt. 2 : Language skills are learned a sequential order
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Q36: Crowderian programme is another name for

Opt. 1 : Linear Programme	Opt. 2 : Branching programme
Opt. 3 : Mathetics	Opt. 4 : Retrogressive Chaining programme

Q37: The indirect effect of a Model of Teaching is also called

Opt. 1 : Nurturant effect	Opt. 2 : Instructional effect
Opt. 3 : Teaching effect	Opt. 4 : Learning effect

Q38: A teacher who leads her students from instances to general conclusions uses the

Opt. 1 : Analytic method	Opt. 2 : Deductive method
Opt. 3 : Synthetic method	Opt. 4 : Inductive method

Q39: The word 'pedagogy' means

Opt. 1 : To lead the child	Opt. 2 : To train the child
Opt. 3 : To guide the child	Opt. 4 : To teach the child

Q40: No matter where a child is born, he will acquire the language of the community in which he lives. This is propounded by the

Opt. 1 : Behaviourist theory	Opt. 2 : Nurture theory
Opt. 3 : Nativist theory	Opt. 4 : Interactional theory

Q41: Use if ICT in teaching English requires (i)Familiarity with computers and internet (ii)Pedagogical knowledge (iii)Capacity of interacting with technological tools (iv) Content knowledge

Opt. 1 : i,iii and iv	Opt. 2 : i,ii,iii
Opt. 3 : i,ii,iii,iv	Opt. 4 : ii,iii,iv

Q42: A teacher uses online language laboratory to develop language skills of her students. The teacher is incorporatingin her teaching

Opt. 1 : Content Knowledge and Pedagogical knowledge	Opt. 2 : Pedagogical knowledge and Technological knowledge
Opt. 3 : Technological knowledge and Content knowledge	Opt. 4 : Technological Pedagogical Content Knowledge 🗸

Opt. 1 : Sensitivity	Opt. 2 : Social skills
Opt. 3 : Physical strength	Opt. 4 : Management capacity

onomy is

Opt. 1 : Synthesising	Opt. 2 : Evaluating
Opt. 3 : Creating 🗸	Opt. 4 : Analysing

Q45: The duration of a microteaching cycle is

Opt. 1 : 6 minutes	Opt. 2 : 12 minutes
Opt. 3 : 36 minutes	Opt. 4 : 24 minutes

Q46: Morphology is the branch of linguistics that studies

Opt. 1 : Sentence structures	Opt. 2 : Word structures
Opt. 3 : Meaning	Opt. 4 : Pronunciation

Q47: Identify the odd one from the basic structures of English language given below

Opt. 1 : Subject-Verb	Opt. 2 : Subject-Verb-Object
Opt. 3 : Subject-Verb-Verb	Opt. 4 : Subject-Verb-Adjective

Q48: English language originated from

Opt. 1 : Germanic language 🗸	Opt. 2 : Celtic language
Opt. 3 : Latin language	Opt. 4 : French

Q50: According to which theory, language began when our ancestors started imitating the natural sounds around them?

Opt. 1 : Ding Dong theory	Opt. 2 : Bow-Wow theory
Opt. 3 : La-La theory	Opt. 4 : Pooh-Pooh theory

Q51: _____ are words which differ only in one phoneme

Opt. 1 : Diphthongs	Opt. 2 : Minimal pairs
Opt. 3 : Mono thongs	Opt. 4 : Semi- Vowels

Q52: Affective filter hypothesis was proposed by	
Opt. 1 : Noam Chomsky	Opt. 2 : BF Skinner
Opt. 3 : Stephen Krashen 🗸	Opt. 4 : Lev Vygotsky

Q53: Germanic languages are also known by the term_____

Opt. 1 : Teutonic	Opt. 2 : Latinate
Opt. 3 : Balto-Slavonic	Opt. 4 : Celtic

Q54: The accuracy with which a test measures what it is supposed to measure is called

Opt. 1 : Consistency	Opt. 2 : Objectivity
Opt. 3 : Feasibility	Opt. 4 : Validity

Q55: The most appropriate type of question at the level of 'creating' is

Opt. 1 : Essay type	Opt. 2 : Fill in the blanks
Opt. 3 : Sentence Completion	Opt. 4 : Multiple choice

Q56: Which among the following is a Learning Management System

Opt. 1 : Flip board	Opt. 2 : Moodle
Opt. 3 : Drop box	Opt. 4 : Zotero

Q57: Positive reinforcement the rate of responding	
Opt. 1 : decreases	Opt. 2 : increases
Opt. 3 : neither increases nor decreases	Opt. 4 : ceases

QDO. /k/ and /g/ are called	
Opt. 1 : Bilabials	Opt. 2 : Velars
Opt. 3 : Dentals	Opt. 4 : Alveolar

Q59: Human beings can talk about their past, present and future. This property of language is called	
Opt. 1 : Duality	Opt. 2 : Arbitrariness
Opt. 3 : Progeression	Opt. 4 : Displacement 🗸

Opt. 3 : Progeression

OEO.

Q60: ______ is an online application that allows students to contribute or edit its content. Opt. 1 : Wiley 🗸 Opt. 2 : Website Opt. 3 : Blog Opt. 4 : CD ROM

Q61: What are podcasts?

Opt. 1 : Devices used to keep class room clean	Opt. 2 : Audio(sometimes video)programmes on the web
Opt. 3 : Technique of syllabus framing	Opt. 4 : Equipments instead of Blackboard

Q62: Which one of the following comes under Affective Domain?

Opt. 1 : Knowledge	Opt. 2 : Feelings
Opt. 3 : Reading skill	Opt. 4 : Speaking skill

Q63: Which of the following is a characteristic of quality curriculum?

Opt. 1 : Rigidity	Opt. 2 : Flexibility 🗸
Opt. 3 : Knowledge centredness	Opt. 4 : teacher centredness

Q64: Which of the following is characteristic to Inductive method

Opt. 1 : Drawing out conclusions	Opt. 2 : Complex to Simple
Opt. 3 : Abstract to Concrete	Opt. 4 : Unknown to Known

Q65: Syntax is associated with	
Opt. 1 : Audio Visual Aids	Opt. 2 : Models of Teaching
Opt. 3 : Reflective Practices	Opt. 4 : Improvised Aids

Q66: The pioneer of "E-learning" is

Opt. 1 : Allan Paivio	Opt. 2 : Bernard Luskin 🗸
Opt. 3 : W.L.Johnson	Opt. 4 : Watson

Q67: "There never was and never will be a method for all" this is a famous quotation by

Opt. 1 : Anthony Barger	Opt. 2 : Noam Chomsky
Opt. 3 : David Nunan	Opt. 4 : Halliday

Q68: The step by step procedure followed in teaching is called

Opt. 1 : discourse	Opt. 2 : technique
Opt. 3 : approach	Opt. 4 : method

Q69: A rubric is

Opt. 1 : a type of lesson plan	Opt. 2 : an assessment tool
Opt. 3 : a question bank	Opt. 4 : a language exercise

Q70: A seminar conducted over the internet is

Opt. 1 : Webcasting	Opt. 2 : Webinar 🗸
Opt. 3 : Web conferencing	Opt. 4 : Weblog

Opt. 1 : Analysing	Opt. 2 : Applying
Opt. 3 : Creating	Opt. 4 : Evaluating

Opt. 1 : synchronous learning	Opt. 2 : Networked learning
Opt. 3 : Blended Learning	Opt. 4 : Asynchronous Learning

Q73: suggestion, Intellectualization, Hypothesis, ______ and Testing the hypothesis are the five phases of pre-reflective to post -reflective thought as suggested by Dewey.

Opt. 1 : Recalling	Opt. 2 : Remembering
Opt. 3 : Reasoning	Opt. 4 : Redirecting

Q74: Which of the following is the main objective of teaching poetry?

Opt. 1 : Reading	Opt. 2 : Comprehension
Opt. 3 : Word Study	Opt. 4 : Appreciation

Q75: Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) was a process of assessment. mandated by the Right to Educational Act, of India in the year

Opt. 1 : 2008	Opt. 2 : 2007
Opt. 3 : 2009	Opt. 4 : 2005

Q76: Which of the following is an example of specific learning disability

Opt. 1 : Mental retardation	Opt. 2 : Dyslexia
Opt. 3 : ADHD	Opt. 4 : Autistic spectrum disorders

Q77: Which of the following domain denotes the 'attitude of self'	
Opt. 1 : Cognitive	Opt. 2 : Affective
Opt. 3 : Psychomotor	Opt. 4 : Physical

Opt. 1 : Falling 🗸	Opt. 2 : Rising
Opt. 3 : Fall-rise	Opt. 4 : Rise-fall

Q79: The framework TPACK is built on _____ construct of pedagogical content knowledge(PCK) to include technology knowledge.

Opt. 1 : Lee Shulman's	Opt. 2 : Rodgers
Opt. 3 : Koehler	Opt. 4 : McKenney

Q80: Which one of the following is the international proficiency test for non native English speakers?

Opt. 1 : CELTA	Opt. 2 : IELTS
Opt. 3 : TKT	Opt. 4 : TOEFL

Q81: Which one among the following is a Humanistic Approach?

Opt. 1 : Suggestopedia 🗸	Opt. 2 : SOS Approach
Opt. 3 : Communicative approach	Opt. 4 : Functional - notional Approach

Q82: Which evaluation is done by the teacher during the instruction?

Opt. 1 : Summative Evaluation	Opt. 2 : Portfolio Evaluation
Opt. 3 : Formative Evaluation	Opt. 4 : Cumulative Evaluation

Q83: What is the full form of IELTS

Opt. 1 : International English Language Teaching System	Opt. 2 : International English Language Testing System
Opt. 3 : International English Language Talking system	Opt. 4 : International English Language Tuning system

Q84: The three language formula for language learning was formulated in

Opt. 1 : 1968	Opt. 2 : 1948
Opt. 3 : 1979	Opt. 4 : 1983

Opt. 1 : Computer Language Learning

Q86: The proponent of micro teaching is

Opt. 1 : Bloom	Opt. 2 : Allen
Opt. 3 : Anderson	Opt. 4 : Skinner

Q87: In M-Learning M stands for

Opt. 1 : Multimedia	Opt. 2 : Music
Opt. 3 : Multilanguage	Opt. 4 : Mobile

Q88: Which language approach focuses on teaching children to read by recognizing words as a whole

Opt. 1 : Notional- Functional Approach	Opt. 2 : Whole-language Approach 🗸
Opt. 3 : Integrated Approach	Opt. 4 : Natural Approach

Q89: In NLP______ stands for 'patterns of how we organize thoughts and ideas'?

Opt. 1 : Programming	Opt. 2 : Neuro
Opt. 3 : Linguistic	Opt. 4 : Nervous system

Q90: What is the focus of CBLT(Competency Based Language Teaching)

Opt. 1 : Mastery on language accuracy	Opt. 2 : Mastery on language usage 🗸
Opt. 3 : Mastery on language structure	Opt. 4 : Mastery on language comprehension

Q91: The receptive skills of languages are

Opt. 1 : Listening and speaking	Opt. 2 : Reading and Speaking
Opt. 3 : Listening and Reading	Opt. 4 : Speaking and writing

Q92: First languages arising from artificially created pidgins are called

Opt. 1 : Creoles 🗸	Opt. 2 : Dialect
Opt. 3 : Register	Opt. 4 : Parole

Q93: The study of the anatomy, physiology, neurology and acoustics of speaking is called

Opt. 1 : Phonology	Opt. 2 : Pronunciation
Opt. 3 : Phraseology	Opt. 4 : Phonetics

Q94: Who developed "Total Physical Response" in the late 1960s

Opt. 1 : Georgi Lozanov	Opt. 2 : Caleb Gattengo
Opt. 3 : James Asher	Opt. 4 : Curran

Q95: The reading and writing skills are wholly neglected in

Opt. 1 : Situational Approach	Opt. 2 : Structural Approach
Opt. 3 : Communicative Approach	Opt. 4 : SOS Approach

Q96: The last phase of a Suggestopedia lesson is

Opt. 1 : Deciphering	Opt. 2 : Decoding
Opt. 3 : Elaboration	Opt. 4 : Concert Session

Q97: The New way method or army method is another name for

Opt. 1 : Dr.West's method	Opt. 2 : Audio-lingual method
Opt. 3 : Bilingual method	Opt. 4 : Silent way

Q98: The biological basis of formation and development of human languages is called

Opt. 1 : Glossogenetics 🗸	Opt. 2 : Biogenetics
Opt. 3 : Phylogenetics	Opt. 4 : Morphology

Q99: Whose theory states that children have innate biological ability to learn languages

Opt. 1 : Bloom	Opt. 2 : Noam Chomsky
Opt. 3 : Richards	Opt. 4 : Krashen

Opt. 1 : Grammar- translation method	Opt. 2 : Audio-lingual method
Opt. 3 : Direct method	Opt. 4 : Bilingual method